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# **narmer Documentation**

***Release 0.1.2***

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# CHAPTER 1

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## narmer package

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narmer.

Narmer NLP/IR library by Christopher C. Little

This library contains code I'm using for research, in particular dissertation research & experimentation.

Further documentation to come...

### 1.1 Submodules

#### 1.1.1 narmer.phonetic module

narmer.phonetic.

The phonetic module implements phonetic algorithms including:

- german\_ipa

`narmer.phonetic.enhg_ipa(word)`

Convert Early New High German to IPA.

This is based on TODO

**Parameters** `word(str)` – the ENHG word to transcribe to IPA

**Returns** the ENHG word's approximate IPA equivalent

**Return type** str

`narmer.phonetic.german_ipa(word, period=u'nhg')`

Convert German to IPA.

Wrapper for other, more specific functions to convert German of various periods to IPA.

**Parameters**

- `word(str)` – the German word to transcribe to IPA

- **period** (*str*) – a period of German from the set:
  - nhg (default) – New High German
  - enhg – Early New High German
  - mhg – Middle High German
  - ohg – Old High German

**Returns** the German word's approximate IPA equivalent

**Return type** str

```
>>> german_ipa('Ehre')
'ere'
>>> german_ipa('Kohl')
'kol'
>>> german_ipa('Schiffahrt')
'iiffahrt'
>>> german_ipa('Schiller')
'iller'
>>> german_ipa('Tschechien')
'teçin'
```

`narmer.phonetic.mhg_ipa(word)`

Convert Middle High German to IPA.

This is based on <http://users.clas.ufl.edu/hasty/resources/CHAPTER1.HTM>

**Parameters** **word** (*str*) – the ENHG word to transcribe to IPA

**Returns** the ENHG word's approximate IPA equivalent

**Return type** str

`narmer.phonetic.nhg_ipa(word)`

Convert New High German to IPA.

This is based largely on the orthographic mapping described at: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/German\\_orthography](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/German_orthography)

No significant attempt is made to accommodate loanwords.

**Parameters** **word** (*str*) – the NHG word to transcribe to IPA

**Returns** the NHG word's approximate IPA equivalent

**Return type** str

```
>>> nhg_ipa('Ehre')
'ere'
>>> nhg_ipa('Kohl')
'kol'
>>> nhg_ipa('Schiffahrt')
'iiffahrt'
>>> nhg_ipa('Schiller')
'iller'
>>> nhg_ipa('Tschechien')
'teçin'
```

`narmer.phonetic.ohg_ipa(word)`

Convert Old High German to IPA.

This is based on TODO

**Parameters** `word` (`str`) – the ENHG word to transcribe to IPA  
**Returns** the ENHG word's approximate IPA equivalent  
**Return type** str

## 1.1.2 narmer.stats module

`narmer.stats`.

The stats module defines functions for calculating various statistical data about linguistic objects, including:

- Weissman score calculation

`narmer.stats.weissman(r_tar, t_tar, r_src, t_src, alpha=1.0)`

Calculate Weissman score based on entered statistics.

The score is:  $W =$

$$\frac{r_{tar} - r_{src}}{\log t_{src} - \log t_{tar}}$$

In practice, the score can be used to rate time-intensive tasks on the basis of other metrics, also, e.g.  $F_1$  score.

Sources: <http://spectrum.ieee.org/view-from-the-valley/computing/software/a-madefortv-compression-metric-moves-to-the-real-world>

### Parameters

- `r_tar` (`float`) – the target algorithm's compression ratio
- `t_tar` (`float`) – the target algorithm's compression time
- `r_src` (`float`) – a standard algorithm's compression ratio
- `t_src` (`float`) – a standard algorithm's compression time
- `alpha` (`float`) – a scaling constant (1.0 by default)

**Returns** the Weissman score

**Return type** float

```
>>> weissman(1, 1, 1, 1)
1.0
>>> weissman(1, 1, 1, 5)
7248263982714164.0
>>> weissman(1.2, 1.6, 4.8, 5)
0.8560773855177113
>>> weissman(1, 1, 1, 1, alpha=2)
2.0
>>> weissman(1.2, 1.6, 4.8, 5, alpha=2)
1.7121547710354226
```



## CHAPTER 2

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narmer

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# CHAPTER 3

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## Indices and tables

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### 3.1 Bibliography

#### References



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